## Amendments to the claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

 (Previously presented) A computer-implemented study merging method, comprising: merging a patient's first medical study with a logically related or similar second medical study, to create a composite study; and

reconciling study identifiers of the first and second medical studies,

wherein said merging includes an automatic adding of medical information, according to a protocol attribute, of the first or second medical study into the other medical study in the creating of said composite study.

- 2. (Original) The study merging method of claim 1, wherein the medical information is at least one of medical images, patient measurements, findings, comments, waveforms, Doppler audio, and a medical study report.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The study merging method of claim 2, further comprising computing patient measurement information of the first medical study, based on the patient measurements in the second medical study, upon said merging.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The study merging method of claim 1, wherein said adding comprises adding stage information of the second medical study to the first medical study according to a protocol attribute of the second medical study.
- 5. (Previously Presented) The study merging method of claim 1, wherein the first and second medical studies include unique identifiers according to a lexicon of Digital Imaging and Communication in Medicine (DICOM).
- 6. (Previously Presented) The study merging method of claim 1, wherein said adding comprises adding a series instance identifier, for a series of the second medical study, to the first medical study without generating a new series instance identifier in the first medical study for

said series of the second medical study.

- 7. (Previously Presented) The study merging method of claim 1, wherein said adding comprises adding new medical information of the second medical study to the composite study based on the new medical information including a study identifier of the second medical study.
- 8. (Previously Presented) The study merging method of claim 1, further comprising identifying the first and second medical studies, wherein said merging is initiated from a terminal remote from a storage unit containing either of the first and second medical studies.
- 9. (Previously presented) A computer-implemented study merging method, comprising: merging a patient's first medical study with a logically related or similar second medical study to create a merged study, such that medically context-specific information stored in at least one of the first and second medical studies is merged based upon a protocol of at least one of the first and second studies, the protocol being indicated by an attribute of at least one of the first and second studies;

saving respective identifiers of the first and second studies; deleting a distinct database identity for at least one of the first and second studies; and assigning a unique study identifier to the merged study.

- 10. (Original) The study merging method of claim 9, wherein the medically context-specific information is stage information.
- 11. (Original) The study merging method of claim 9, wherein the medically context-specific information is measurement information.
- 12. (Previously presented) A computer program product comprising a computer readable medium in which is embodied a program having instructions executable by a computer to perform acts, said acts comprising:

merging a patient's first medical study with a logically related or similar second medical study, to create a composite study; and

reconciling study identifiers of the first and second medical studies,

wherein said merging includes an automatic adding of medical information, according to a protocol attribute, of the first or second medical study into the other medical study in the creating of said composite study.

- 13. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 12, wherein the medical information is at least one of medical images, patient measurements, findings, comments, waveforms, Doppler audio, and a medical study report.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 13, wherein said automatic adding comprises computing patient measurement information of the first medical study, based on the patient measurements in the second medical study, upon said merging.
- 15. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 12, wherein said automatic adding comprises adding stage information of the second medical study to the first medical study according to a protocol attribute of the second medical study, upon said merging.
- 16. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 12, wherein the first and second medical studies include unique identifiers according to a lexicon of Digital Imaging and Communication in Medicine (DICOM).
- 17. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 12, wherein said automatic adding comprises adding a series instance identifier, for a series of the second medical study, to the first medical study without generating a new series instance identifier in the first medical study for said series of the second medical study.
- 18. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 12, wherein said automatic adding comprises adding new medical information of the first or second medical studies to the composite study based on the new medical information including a study identifier of either of the first or second medical studies.

- 19. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 18, wherein said acts further comprise controlling the computer to notify a user when said adding of the new medical information is performed.
- 20. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 12, further comprising controlling the computer to delete a distinct database identity of the second medical study.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 12, wherein said acts further comprise controlling the computer to identify the first and second medical studies, wherein said merging is initiated from a terminal remote from a storage unit containing either of the first and second medical studies.
- 22. (Previously presented) A computer program product comprising a computer readable medium in which is embodied a program having instructions executable by a computer to perform acts, said acts comprising:

merging a patient's first medical study with a logically related or similar second medical study to create a merged study, such that medically context-specific information stored in at least one of the first and second medical studies is merged based upon a protocol of at least one of the first and second studies, the protocol being indicated by an attribute of at least one of the first and second studies:

saving respective identifiers of the first and second studies; deleting a distinct database identity for at least one of the first and second studies; and assigning a unique study identifier to the merged study.

- 23. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 22, wherein the medically context-specific information is stage information.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 22, wherein the medically context-specific information is measurement information.

25. (Previously presented) A computer-implemented medical study merging method, comprising:

identifying, in accordance with a lexicon of Digital Imaging and Communication in Medicine (DICOM), a patient's related first and second medical studies to be merged; and merging the first medical study with the second medical study, according to a protocol attribute, such that a resultant composite study has a study identifier different from at least one of

the first and second medical studies, wherein, in accordance with said lexicon, the merging

series of the second medical study having a series identifier the same as a pre-merge

composite study is assigned a unique study identifier of the first medical study.

merged first and second medical studies.

includes an automatic adding of a series of the second medical study to the composite study, the

corresponding series identifier, with the series of the second medical study including at least an

artifact with an artifact identifier the same as a pre-merge corresponding artifact identifier, such

that the composite study includes series and corresponding series identifiers from both the pre-

26. (Previously Presented) The medical study merging method of claim 25, wherein the

- 27. (Previously Presented) The study merging method of claim 1, wherein the study identifiers of the first and second medical studies are unique among studies in a database having the distinct database entity.
- 28. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 12, wherein the study identifiers of the first and second medical studies are unique among studies in a database having the distinct database entity.